

North Idaho Air Quality Summary – October 2014

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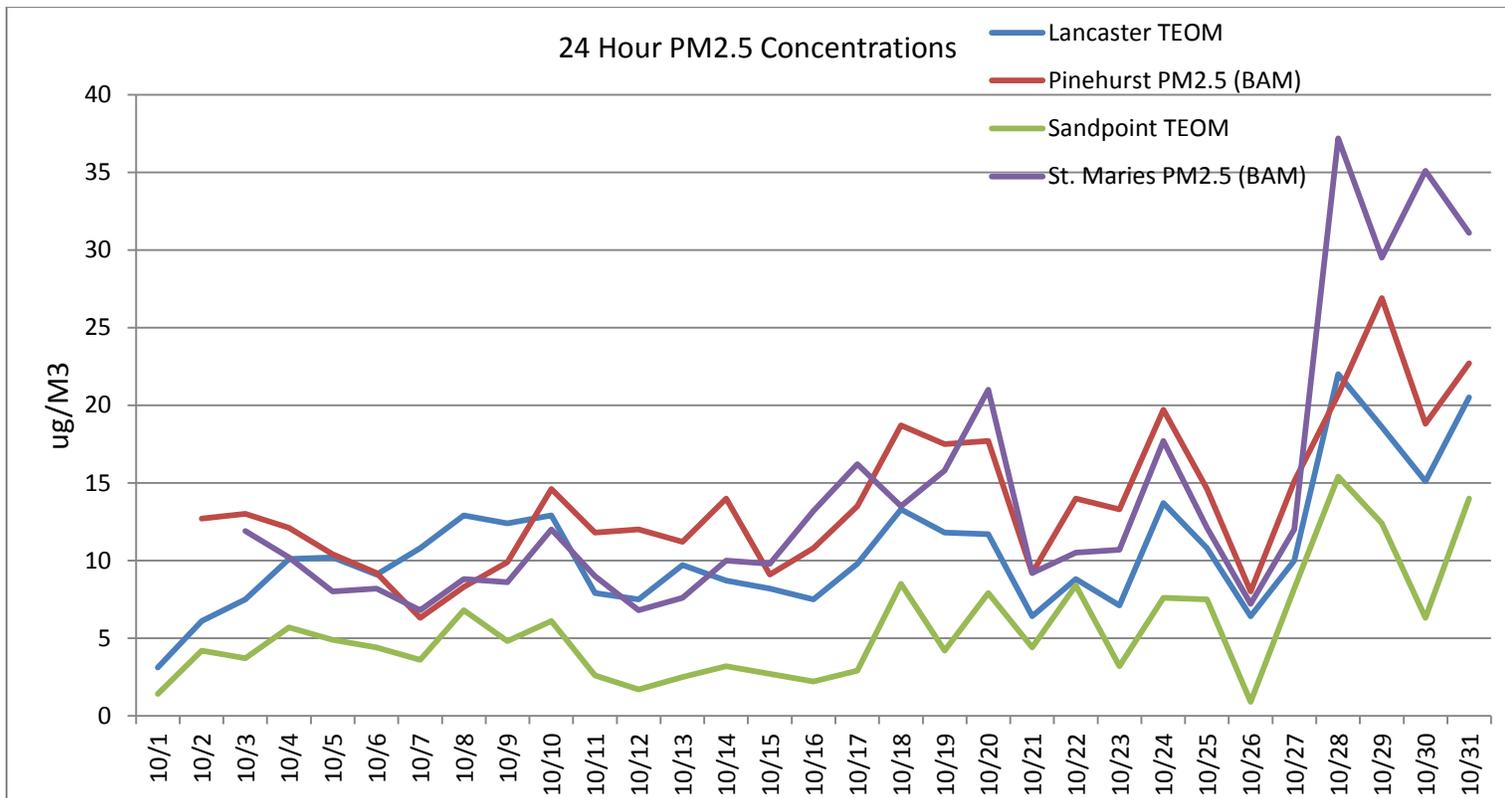
This summary of North Idaho’s air quality is compiled from the various air quality samplers located in the Department of Environmental Quality’s Coeur d’Alene Region for the month of October 2014.

The Coeur d’Alene Regional Network encompasses the counties of Boundary, Bonner, Kootenai, Shoshone, and Benewah. The data presented in this report is considered preliminary data and has not been completely evaluated for all quality assurance requirements and is therefore subject to change.

PM2.5 CONTINUOUS DATA

The graph below displays the average daily 24-hour PM_{2.5} values for the month and is expressed in micrograms per cubic meter, ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$). These values were calculated by averaging hourly values midnight to midnight from the agency’s PM_{2.5} TEOM and BAM samplers located in the Cities of Pinehurst, Sandpoint, and St. Maries and on Lancaster Road in Kootenai County.

In March 2013 the US EPA revised the PM_{2.5} NAAQS by lowering the annual standard to 12 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ from 15 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$. The 24 hour NAAQS remains at 35 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$.



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The table below shows the maximum 24 hour values calculated from continuous TEOM and BAM monitoring for this reporting period. The National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) for PM_{2.5} is 35 µg/m³ for a 24 hour average. The CRO uses the Federal Reference Method (FRM) filter based sample measurements at the Pinehurst and St. Maries monitoring sites to determine NAAQS compliance. Depiction of preliminary continuous monitoring data in the table below is for reporting purposes only and is considered preliminary data.

Monitoring Site	Highest Reading (µg/m ³)	Date
Lancaster TEOM	20.5	October 31
Pinehurst BAM	26.9	October 29
Sandpoint TEOM	15.4	October 28
St. Maries BAM	37.2	October 28

PM_{2.5} FEDERAL REFERENCE METHOD (FRM) DATA

At this time the Coeur d'Alene Regional Office of Idaho DEQ uses the Federal Reference Method Sampler (filter based) measurements for NAAQS compliance determination at the Pinehurst and St. Maries monitoring site. This method requires that 75% of available data be collected per quarter. Other filter processing requirements are applicable to this method. The Coeur d'Alene Regional Office's collection efficiency rate for October is shown in the table below.

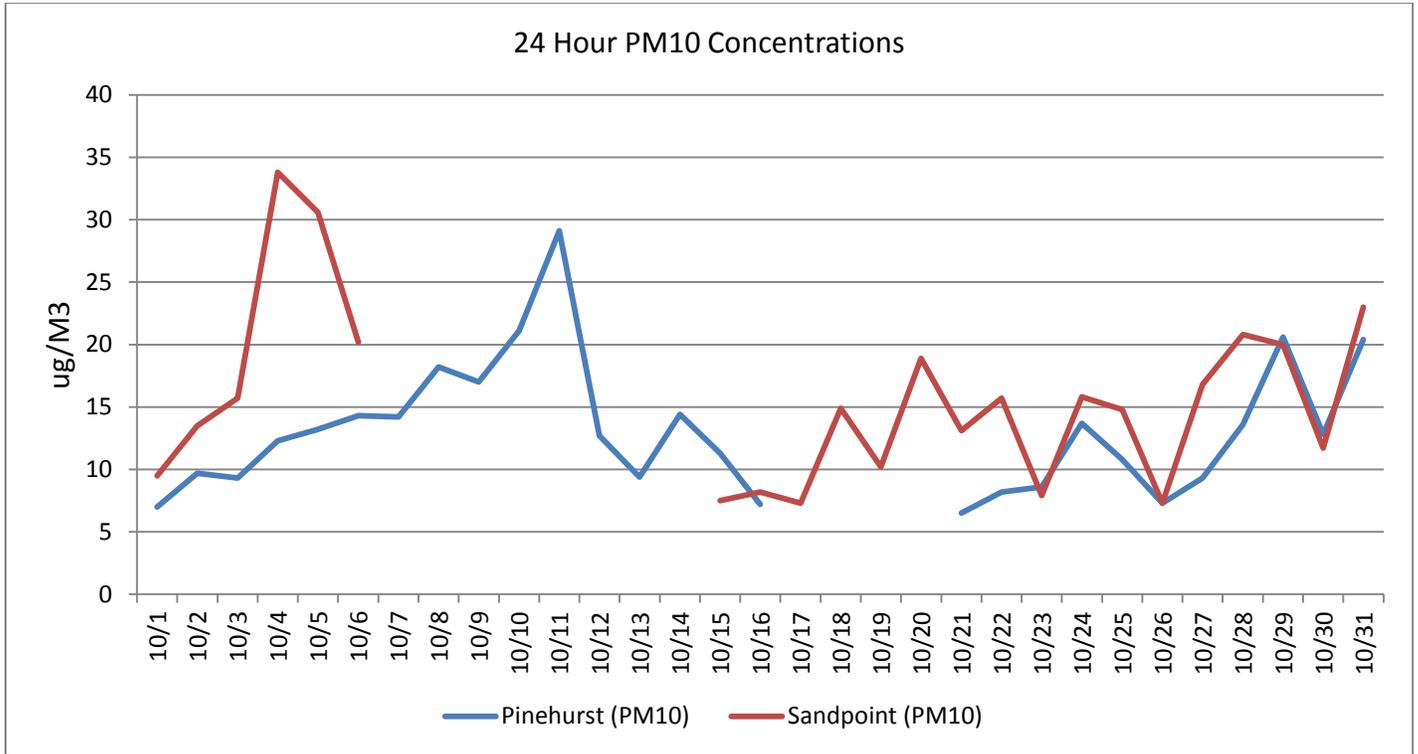
October FRM filter recovery Efficiency

Site	Sample Days	Valid Samples	Collection Percentage
Pinehurst	31	29	94%
St. Maries	5	5	100%

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PM10 CONTINUOUS DATA

The graph below shows the 24 hour values for PM10. No apparent exceedances of the 150 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ for a 24 hour average standard have occurred over this reporting period. Gaps in the data were caused by monitor breakdowns.



Air Quality Actions

Smoke from wildfires finally abated in north Idaho in October and no exceptional events were noted. No Air Quality Alerts or Stage 1 Burn Bans were issued during the month.

A non-regulatory $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ monitor was installed in Kellogg to aid in forecasting air quality in the area. The monitor will be operated through the winter months while particulate matter values are the highest.

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NETWORK INFORMATION

The table below summarizes all active and inactive air quality samplers located within the North Idaho area during the month of October 2014.

Site	Monitor	Type	Comments	Current Status	Data Completeness
Lancaster / Rathdrum Prairie	R&P 1400A TEOM PM2.5	Continuous		Active	91%
Lancaster / Rathdrum Prairie	Meteorological Tower	Continuous		Active	100%
St. Maries	PM2.5 BAM	Continuous		Active	94%
St. Maries	Thermo Model 2025 FRM PM2.5	Filter		Active	100%
Pinehurst	Thermo Model 2025 FRM PM2.5	Filter		Active	94%
Pinehurst	PM2.5 BAM	Continuous		Active	98%
Pinehurst	R&P 1400AB TEOM PM10	Continuous		Active	87%
Pinehurst	Meteorological Tower	Continuous		Active	100%
Sandpoint U of I Extension Office	Meteorological Tower	Continuous		Active	100%
Sandpoint U of I Extension Office	R&P 1400A TEOM PM2.5	Continuous		Active	99%
Sandpoint U of I Extension Office	R&P 1400AB TEOM PM10	Continuous		Active	76%
Lakes Management Plan	Meteorological Tower	Continuous		Active	100%
3 Meter G C Met	Meteorological Tower	Continuous		Inactive	0%
Porthill International Border Site	Radiance Research Nephelometer /wind speed & direction	Continuous	CRB Seasonal	Inactive	NA
Porthill International Border Site	MET One E-Sampler	Continuous	CRB Seasonal	Inactive	NA
Athol	Radiance Research Nephelometer	Continuous	CRB Seasonal	Inactive	NA
Mt. Hall School	Radiance Research Nephelometer	Continuous	CRB Seasonal	Inactive	NA
Garwood Elementary	Radiance Research Nephelometer	Continuous	CRB Seasonal	Inactive	NA

During October, 12 of 12 active samplers achieved 75% or greater data completeness.

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AIR QUALITY INDEX

The air quality index is a tool used to convey information to the public regarding local levels of air pollution and the associated health concerns. These levels are depicted in the table below.

Air Quality Index (AQI): Particle Pollution

Index Values	Levels of Health Concern	Cautionary Statements
0-50	Good	None
51-100	Moderate	Unusually sensitive people should consider reducing prolonged or heavy exertion outdoors.
101-150	Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups	People with heart or lung disease, older adults, and children should reduce prolonged or heavy exertion outdoors.
151-200	Unhealthy	People with heart or lung disease, older adults, and children should avoid prolonged or heavy exertion outdoors. Everyone else should reduce prolonged or heavy exertion.
201-300	Very Unhealthy	People with heart or lung disease, older adults, and children should avoid all physical activity outdoors. Everyone else should avoid prolonged or heavy exertion.
301-500	Hazardous	People with heart or lung disease, older adults, and children should remain indoors and keep activity levels low. Everyone else should avoid all physical activity outdoors.

Below is a table showing the total weekday Air Quality Index (AQI) values for each of the reporting cities located in North Idaho for this reporting month. Differences in totals were due to sampler down time. In March 2013 the US EPA revised the PM_{2.5} NAAQS by lowering the annual standard to 12.0 µg/M³ from 15.0 µg/M³. Because of this change in the NAAQS the breakpoints between AQI categories have also been modified.

October 2014

Coeur d'Alene	Pinehurst	Sandpoint	St. Maries
Green = 15	Green = 11	Green = 18	Green = 14
Yellow = 5	Yellow = 9	Yellow = 2	Yellow = 5
Orange = 0	Orange = 0	Orange = 0	Orange = 1
Red = 0	Red = 0	Red = 0	Red = 0

2014 YEAR TO DATE AQI TOTALS

Coeur d'Alene	Pinehurst	Sandpoint	St. Maries
Green = 177(91%)	Green = 128 (71%)	Green = 169(94%)	Green = 131 (76%)
Yellow = 17 (9%)	Yellow = 50 (28%)	Yellow =11 (6%)	Yellow = 38 (22%)
Orange = 0	Orange = 2 (1%)	Orange = 0	Orange = 3 (2%)
Red = 0	Red = 1(1%)	Red =0	Red = 0

For further information about air quality in Idaho and the northwest region visit the following sites on the Internet or contact Ralph Paul, Coeur d'Alene Region Airshed Coordinator, at 208-769-1422.

<http://www.deq.idaho.gov/>

<http://www.deq.idaho.gov/daily-air-quality-reports-forecasts>

www.airnow.gov/index.cfm?action=airnow.fcsummary&stateid=16